

The Topeka State Journal.

10 CENTS A WEEK. NIGHT EDITION. TOPEKA, KANSAS, WEDNESDAY EVENING, APRIL 4, 1894. TWENTY-SECOND YEAR.

GENERAL ELECTIONS.

The McKane Faction Badly Routed at Gravesend.

Milwaukee is Republican By a Big Majority.

DEMOCRATS SCARCE.

Santa Fe, New Mexico Alone, Goes Democratic.

Peoria, Ill., Carried by the Republicans.

BROOKLYN, N. Y., April 4.—In the town elections in Kings, Queens and Suffolk counties, the Republicans are as rule successful in the election of supervisors and justices of the peace. The count at Gravesend makes it evident that the McKane faction has been badly routed by the citizens' league movement.

RHODE ISLAND ELECTION.

Today is Election Day in Little Rhody.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., April 4.—Today's election is the first in this state under the plurality rule, and hereafter the legislature will not be called upon as it has been so often in the past, to choose the executive officers of Rhode Island.

The constitutional amendment, providing that candidates having a plurality of votes cast shall be thereby elected, was adopted last December. Last year Baker, the Democratic nominee, had 185 plurality over Brown, Republican. The election was thus thrown into the legislature. The Republicans having a majority in the senate and the Democrats in the house, a dead-lock resulted, and Brown and the other state officials of 1892 have held over.

Gov. Brown was a candidate for reelection today on the Republican ticket and his Democratic opponent is Mr. Baker, who opposed him in 1893. The other offices to be filled are: Lieutenant governor, secretary of state, attorney general, general treasurer and adjutant general.

More important than the gubernatorial is the legislative election for an United States senator to succeed Nathan F. Dixon, whose term will expire next March. The Republicans have now in the legislature only one majority on joint ballot, but it is calculated the result of this election will show a majority of at least fifteen, and perhaps more. The Democrats concede the loss of the legislature and have named a candidate to offset the sure nomination by the Republicans of Edgar Weimore.

THE TACOMA ELECTION.

Republicans Carry the Entire Ticket Without a Tie.

TACOMA, Wash., April 4.—The Republicans carried the city election yesterday by pluralities ranging from 141 to 600. For mayor, Edward H. Orr, gets a plurality of 634. The new council will stand:

Republicans 8, Democrats 6. Democrats 2. The Democrats did not elect a single candidate today Democratic councilmen being hold-overs.

The Populists polled more votes than the Democrats. Monday night the A. P. A. attempted to endorse the Populist candidate for mayor, when part of the order bolted, repudiating the endorsement. This faction supported most of the Republican candidates.

DEMOCRATS LOSE AT KEVAUNEE.

The Independents Carry the Day at the Town Election.

KEVAUNEE, Ill., April 4.—A heavy vote was polled at the city election and the contest was a hot one between the Democratic and Independent tickets. The Independents elected a mayor, comptroller, assessor, justice, police justice, supervisor and an alderman. The Democrats a treasurer and two supervisors and two aldermen.

PEORIA REPUBLICAN.

A Big Vote Cast and All But One Republican Elected.

PEORIA, Ill., April 4.—Six thousand, seven hundred and fifty-seven votes were polled in the town election and with the exception of H. C. Seward, the entire Republican ticket was elected by 700 to 1,300 majority. Grant, Democrat, for supervisor was elected by 1,000. He was the only A. P. A. on the Democratic ticket. There was no trouble at the polls.

HERE'S ONE DEMOCRATIC VICTORY.

It Took Place Away Down in New Mexico.

SANTA FE, N. M., April 4.—The Democrats carried the city election yesterday by one hundred majority. The Republicans carried the city a year ago by 75 majority.

A. F. A. CARRY THE DAY.

They Enjoy a Complete Triumph at Laramie, Wyo. ag.

LARAMIE, Wyo., April 4.—The city election resulted in complete triumph for the A. F. A., who supported the Republican ticket solidly, and carried their men into office by majorities of from 300 to 375.

THIS BEATS ALL.

Even Milwaukee Goes Republican by an Immense Majority.

MILWAUKEE, April 4.—Mayor Koch and the entire Republican city ticket are elected by 6,000. The council is Republican by ten majority, a gain of eleven.

LARGES EVER POLLED.

Vote at Kansas City Election Exceeded Anything in the Past.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., April 4.—The vote this year was the largest ever polled in this city. At the election in 1892 the vote cast was: Davenport, Republican, 9,545; Cowherd, Democrat,

8,562. Cowherd's majority, 1,720; total vote, 15,404.

The Republicans scored a complete victory at the municipal election in Kansas City, Kas. They elected their ticket from the mayor down to constable, and the proposition to vote \$100,000 school bonds was carried. The effort to get the woman vote out was unsuccessful.

WOMEN SHUT OUT.

An Attempt at Springfield, Mo., to Prevent Them From Voting.

SPRINGFIELD, Mo., April 4.—At Palmer there was much excitement yesterday when thirty women were refused admission to the polling booths. They wished to vote for a school trustee. The Democratic judges refused to receive their ballots and the Republican chairman procured a ballot-box and ordered the Republican clerk of the election to receive their votes on the outside of the polling place, which he did and recorded their ballots.

The Republicans say they will contest the election of school trustee.

MCKINLEY CAN'T COME.

A Telegram from Him to Acting Secretary Butlerfield.

The arrangements for the Republican State League convention are being completed at a meeting of the executive committee at the Copeland this afternoon. Secretary Sheldon says there will be 1,000 delegates here tomorrow representing 700 clubs. Governor McKinley, who was invited, could not come and sent the following telegram:

J. W. Butlerfield, Topeka.—I much regret that an engagement prevents my coming to state league convention.

W. M. McKinley.

No invitations were issued to Kansas speakers and the audience will be allowed to call for anybody they want to hear. All of the candidates for state offices will be here and most of them will speak.

BLAND'S BIG HIT.

Rollcall Precipitated on Passage of the Seizure Bill Over the Veto.

WASHINGTON, April 4.—At 4:15 the rollcall on the passage of the Bland bill over the president's veto was unexpectedly precipitated on the house amid great disorder.

4:20 p. m.—The vote on the Bland bill was interrupted by great disorder, and during the suspension of the call a heated controversy ensued between the speaker, Mr. Reed and others. The speaker or Mr. Reed to his seat.

BASEBALL FOR TOPEKA.

Governor Leavelle's Name Heads the List of Subscribers for It.

Phillip Meyers, the young Topeka baseball enthusiast who is something of a twirler himself, has commenced to agitate the matter of a baseball club and a series of games for Topeka next summer.

He wants to organize a good team of semi-professional players, a majority of such local talent as himself, Guy McFadden and Clarence Smith, and some of the members of the team of 1892, among them McElahon, Perry and Driscoll.

To this end Meyers started out today with a subscription paper and went first to Governor Leavelle and succeeded in getting the executive signature to the paper. If enough can be raised in advance to put "athletic park" in repair Meyers has the plan in a sure go. Otherwise Meyers will accept an offer to sign with the Ft. Smith team.

FELL OUT OF A WINDOW.

In a Raid on Lillie Tack's Place Ezekiel Butler Breaks His Arm.

A little after nine o'clock last night, Sergeant Steele, and Officers Arterbridge and Hicks, made a raid on the house on the east side of Kansas avenue just south of Crane, where Lillie Tack and Ida Codey reside, and took these two women into custody, together with Lee Curtis, Edward Williams and Gail Pier. Just as the officers entered the house, Lee Curtis and Ezekiel Butler jumped out of the second story window. Curtis alighted all right, but Butler had a hard fall.

He fell head foremost, broke his arm and bruised and cut his head badly. He was sent home. The other five were taken to the police station and locked up. This morning, in police court, they were each fined \$5 for disorderly conduct.

Ezekiel Butler was unable to be present at police court this morning. He appeared before police court yesterday on the charge of petit larceny, but his case was continued till today. This case was continued again and he will now have to answer the charge of petit larceny, as well as of disorderly conduct.

LAKE STEAMER GOES DOWN

Captain and Fifteen Men Reach Shore in Safety.

MACKINAW, Mich., April 4.—The propeller Minneapolis went down off McGulpins point at 3:30 this morning in twenty fathoms of water. Capt. Bogard and the crew of fifteen men reached the shore in safety. The Minneapolis was owned by A. W. Parker, of Detroit, and was valued at \$50,000 and insured for \$43,750.

The steamer State of Michigan, of the Grumond Line, went on Kenosha reef, 20 miles north of Alpena, last night. Tugs have gone from here to pull her off, and as she lies in still water, it is thought she will not be badly damaged.

HE SANG "AFTER THE BALL"

A Man's Throat Cut By Drunken Companion.

QUINCY, Ill., April 4.—Ben Miller had his throat cut in Wm. Dierke's saloon last night for singing "After the Ball." Dierke had notified him to quit singing, and when Dierke attempted to eject him from the place, Miller drew a knife. Dierke also drew one, and a bloody fight ensued. Miller fell with his throat ripped open, besides having received other wounds. Dierke disappeared after Miller fell.

WAR OF THE COKERS

A Pitched Battle Fought Near Uniontown, Pa.

Rioters Make a Rush on McClure Companies' Works.

A VOLLEY OF SHOTS

Fired by the Guards and a Hun is Killed.

Foreman Paddock of the Frick Works is Killed.

Great Excitement Now Prevails at That Point.

UNIONTOWN, Pa., April 4.—The war between the strikers and the workmen is now on in earnest, and a number of serious outbreaks are reported.

At the Mayfield and Donnelly plants of the McClure coke company on the Mount Pleasant branch, was the scene of the first pitched battle about 10:30 today. The rioters had assembled in large numbers and were parading about the works with colors flying. The men were working both in the yards and in the pit, and the strikers asked them to come out. No response was given.

Superintendent Boyle and fifteen armed deputies were in charge of the works and warned the strikers not to trespass. The rioters paid no attention to it and made a rush on the works. The first move called forth a volley of shot from the guards, and one Hungarian fell mortally wounded.

The invaders turned and fled carrying their wounded companion with them and leaving the plants in operation. About fifteen shots were fired. It is said some were fired by the strikers, but they deny it and say it was an unprovoked assault upon them by the guards. The rioters returned to their place of rendezvous and are rapidly massing men for another attack. The greatest excitement prevails and a pitched battle of greater magnitude and with more serious results is expected.

Armed Deputies Sent.

The McClure company is determined and Superintendent Brennan has telegraphed Sheriff Wilhelm here to send on the next train fifty armed deputies with all the ammunition available. The sheriff is now swearing in the deputies and they will go at once to the scene of the conflict. Sheriff McCann of Westmoreland was also telegraphed and arrived on the grounds at noon with a posse of deputies.

As soon as the deputies from here arrive they will be stationed at the three works, Fairview, Donnelly and Mayfield, and any attempt on the part of the strikers to interfere with the plants, or intimidate the workmen will result in a battle, and the deputies have been instructed to shoot to kill. The coke region is now in a more critical condition than at any time since the famous riots of 1891, when so many depredations and so much shooting was done.

The scene of the conflict has been transferred to the northern end of the region and where the workmen insist on remaining true to their employers and all battles will be in that section hereafter.

Tomorrow morning an immense mass meeting will assemble south of Uniontown and march from one end of the region to the other for the purpose of forcing a suspension everywhere. The march is expected to start at the extreme north end.

PADDOCK SHOT DOWN.

The Chief Engineer of the Frick Company Killed by a Mob.

PITTSBURGH, April 4.—3:30 p. m.—J. H. Paddock, chief engineer of the H. C. Frick company, was killed at Davidson by a mob of strikers at 3 o'clock this afternoon. The mob which numbered several hundred marched on the works and demanded that the men come out. Upon their refusal an assault was made, during which a large stone was thrown at Paddock, striking him on the head and killing him instantly. The mob was then repulsed and marched away.

A HORSE WITH A FLAW.

O. P. Updegraff Paid \$1,500 for one that He has Doubts About.

Judge Hazen has granted a temporary injunction restraining register of deeds Frank Brooks from placing a record in deed to two lots on Polk street deeded to O. P. Updegraff to Martha M. McConnell.

Mr. Updegraff traded lots 496 and the north half of 494 Polk street which are situated between Thirteenth and Fourteenth streets to Comstock for a fine horse which was supposed to be worth \$1,500.

After the horse was delivered it was discovered that the animal was unsound in some particular. Judge Hazen will make a thorough investigation of the case before the deed to the lots is recorded.

SERIOUSLY INJURED.

Mr. C. P. Bolmer's Arm Broken and His Shoulder Dislocated.

Mr. C. P. Bolmer, one of the Potwin councilmen, had his shoulder dislocated and his left arm broken last evening. He was driving a load of hay northwest of town. The wind swept the load and threw Mr. Bolmer to the hard road, with the above result. It will keep him indoors several days and his arm in a sling for as many weeks.

IN HOUK'S DISTRICT.

Paul J. Sorg Nominated By the Democrats Today.

MIAMI, Ohio, April 4.—Paul J. Sorg, of Middletown, was today nominated for congress by the Democratic Third district convention by acclamation. The vacancy was made by the death of G. W. Houk. Houk was elected by a Democratic majority of nearly 4,000.

COXEY'S FREAKS.

Some of His Soldiers Exhibit Themselves in a Dime Museum.

PITTSBURGH, Pa., April 4.—A drizzling rain made things decidedly uncomfortable for Coxeys' Commonwealers today. The night was spent as comfortably as the circumstances permitted, and breakfast was served at the regular hour.

Fresh meat formed a luxury on the bill of fare and the usual rations of potatoes, bread and coffee completed the meal. Shortly after breakfast Gen. Coxeys and Marshal Browne disappeared, and at 11 o'clock had not returned to the camp. Meanwhile the army were taking things leisurely as nothing can be done until the chiefs are consulted.

Thirty recruits were enrolled last evening, and fully 300 more are now enlisting at the gates of exposition park for admission for the purpose of enlisting under the Coxeys banner. The rain will probably interfere with the meetings, scheduled for this afternoon and evening, on the Monongahela wharf, in this city.

Despite the inclement weather, a large crowd of the curious gathered early about the enclosure, anxious to get a sight of any of the leaders.

Gen. Coxeys does not seem to like the idea of "Society" and "New" men. Jasper Johnson and Bunco Hill, the dog, exhibiting themselves at a local museum, but he refused to say whether the money received would go into the funds of the Commonwealth or into the private coffers of the members who were on exhibition. His address was all of an anarchist nature. Last night he talked for three hours and the crowd cheered and jeered him by turns.

N. H. WOLFF'S TRIAL.

It Did Not Move Forward Today—Must Be Amended Information.

The case of N. H. Wolff, formerly John Wanamaker's agent here, came up before Judge Hazen in the district court this morning. Wolff is charged with passing checks for various amounts on Kansas avenue merchants when he had no money in his hands upon which the checks were drawn. He is also charged with other irregular transactions brought about through his mania for gambling.

Wolff did not have an attorney and Judge Hazen assigned Lawyers Isenhart and Ensminger to defend him. When the case was called this morning Wolff's attorneys entered a motion to quash the information against their prisoner on the grounds that it was not properly drawn. Judge Hazen sustained their motion to quash and County Attorney Safford was given until tomorrow morning to file an amended information.

Wolff appeared very much dejected when he appeared in the court room today, and the jailer says he has several times threatened to take his own life. Since he has been in jail he has gambled with the other prisoners and has lost the money given him by his wife who sold her watch to furnish him with little luxuries.

LOCAL MENTION.

Ex-Auditor of State Chas. M. Hovey, who is now a Rock Island immigration agent in Nebraska, is in the city.

Probate Judge Elliott this morning issued a marriage license to William L. Sanders of Jackson county and Ida E. Kelly of Topeka.

Cards have been received in Topeka announcing the birth of Master C. M. Elbright, son of Mr. and Mrs. Frank Elbright of Chicago.

The charter of the Simpson's Shanks & Co. bank, has been filed with the secretary of state. This bank which is located at Simpson, Mitchell county, has a capital stock of \$5,000.

A. W. Dana has been invited to deliver the address for the alumni on the occasion of the celebration of the twenty-fifth anniversary of Goddard seminary, at Barre, Vt., to be held in June.

Charles Curtis, arrested by Officer Summers, charged with burglary, was supposed to have broken into a building in South Topeka, owned by one Mr. Poole, and taken a pair of clippers. As Mr. Poole did not appear against Curtis, he was discharged.

Buck Sawyer, the young colored man who assaulted Harry Adams night before last, was brought into police court this morning for trial. When asked if he was ready for trial, he said: "I'll plead guilty and ask the mercy of the court."

The East Side Second Ward Republican club met on Monday night and elected J. B. McKinney, president; Nels McConnell, vice president; Joe Ross, treasurer, and H. W. Euler, secretary. The club also elected to the state league: Frank Stevens, Le Roy Currier, Joe Ross; George H. Porter, John Imbler and Wm. McAllen.

An adjourned business meeting of the United Presbyterian church was held last evening to take steps to amend their charter. Dr. J. E. Manney and P. A. McGuire were elected trustees for three years; W. G. Shaw, treasurer, and J. R. Thompson, head usher. Provision was made for settling all financial claims, and the work of the pastor was heartily endorsed.

Annie Norton, who has a decidedly Ethiopian progeny, swore out a warrant for Mrs. Annie Callahan, because the latter had called her vile names and otherwise disturbed her peace and quiet. Officer Campbell arrested Mrs. Callahan yesterday and this morning she appeared in police court. She was not ready for trial so the case was continued till Friday morning.

A horse attached to an open buggy and likewise to a light hitching weight, attracted great excitement at 2 o'clock this afternoon by running at a high speed down Kansas avenue. While several policemen stood by and watched the run, Leonard Saniter, of the Kansas City "Lawyer and Credit Man," jumped in front of the animal and cleverly stopped him.

TAKING PUNISHMENT

Breckinridge Thinks a Man Should Suffer for Misdeeds

Equally With the Woman—He "Makes No Complaint"

UNDER A HOT FIRE.

The Kentucky Colonel on the Witness Stand,

His Deception Practiced Upon Mrs. Blackburn.

WASHINGTON, April 4.—Col. Breckinridge looked extremely pale when he stepped to the witness-stand this morning.

The first question which Judge Wilson asked him was whether he had ever been in Goldsboro, to which he replied that he had been in the little hamlet once to make a speech at a barbecue which he thought was in 1886 or 1888.

He did not remember the colored woman who opened the door at 1819 H street the day after he took luncheon there in April (as heretofore testified to), nor having complimented her on the luncheon.

"Did you not say to her that when you and Madeline went to keep house you wanted her to come and cook for you?" "That is entirely fanciful. I never said anything of the sort to any colored woman."

"Did she not say that she had been in service in that family a long time and did not want to leave?" "No such conversation could have occurred."

Referring to the colonel's statement that he made no protestations of love to Miss Pollard on the occasion of that momentous carriage ride, when seduction is alleged to have occurred, Mr. Wilson asked him when he had first begun to talk to her affectionately.

Never Expressed Love.

"I never did make protestations of love. I talked to her kindly, encouragingly when she was depressed; endeavored to get her to do something to make a place in the world for herself. I spoke solicitously to her, particularly when I first learned that she was pregnant by me, having the interest in her which a man might have for a young unmarried woman who had such circumstances in her life, for which he felt that he was in a measure responsible, since their lives had become interwoven."

There were no expressions of affection. "There were expressions of affectionate interest, but not such as could be construed into an intimation that our relations could be on a different basis than they were."

"Were there expressions which might be understood by her to be expressions of love?" Col. Breckinridge wished to draw the distinction carefully between expressions and demonstrations. He said there was nothing but perfect understanding on their part of their relations; that they went to houses of a certain character for a certain well understood purpose, they stayed there such a time as their pleasures or necessities demanded. "I took her in my arms and kissed her. There were all the accompaniments of such a relation, which was carried out not coldly or brutally."

"There were no expressions of love on her part?" "I would not say that. She was at times very demonstrative, at times otherwise."

Distinctions Drawn.

Again Mr. Wilson led the colonel to repeat the distinction he drew between the injury to the young man and the destruction of a young woman from illicit relations.

"And do you think," he asked, "that a man is under obligations to prevent the destruction of a young woman?" "Most assuredly I do; and if he does not, he should be punished. I have had my punishment, and am trying to take it without complaint."

Mr. Wilson asked when the subject of marriage had been first mentioned between them, to which the colonel replied that it was September, 1892, when she first spoke of going to Berlin. He had told her that for many reasons, among them the disparity in their ages, that since he knew what he did of her relations to Rhodes, and that as she had bled him three years and thrown him away like a sucked orange, marriage him was impossible.

"You had a contract as binding as hers to Rhodes?" "Much more binding," replied the colonel, referring to his marriage. Then Mr. Wilson got his affirmative answers to the questions that Miss Pollard had associated with the best families of Kentucky in the city, had lived in houses of the highest respectability and was a brilliant young woman.

"Your relations were carefully concealed?" asked the attorney, "so that there was no impediment in that direction?" "We had endeavored to conceal them, but they were known to several people."

"There was never from you any proposal of marriage?" "Never, under any circumstances," most emphatically.

"Then it was understood that you were to carry out the semblance of a marriage contract which you both understood was never to be fulfilled?" "There was the semblance of a contract to be carried out before only one living person, and that person Mrs. Gov. Blackburn."

To Die Out of His Life.

After more fencing the colonel stated that the contract before Mrs. Blackburn had been made to enable Miss Pollard to die out of his life and separate from Mrs. Blackburn.

"And with a view to enabling her to die out of your life and Mrs. Blackburn's, you took her to Mrs.

Blackburn and said you would place her under Mrs. Blackburn's care?"

"I did not; my recollection and the recollection of Mrs. Blackburn upon that point differ as to the meaning of my words."

"And you went to see Mrs. Blackburn again alone?"

"I went to see her several times afterwards."

"And you caressed the plaintiff in her presence, as a part of that deception?"

"I did not caress the plaintiff. I will explain that."

"But what passed there was for the purpose of carrying out the deception?"

"Indubitably."

In further cross-examination Mr. Wilson brought out the fact that in filling out the certificate of marriage of Mrs. Wing to Col. Breckinridge it was made to appear that that marriage was the colonel's second, whereas it was really his third; that he had asked Dr. Paxton not to make that marriage public, and that after his marriage with Mrs. Wing, he stopped at the Hotel Loggaren in New York, registering as Wm. J. Campbell and wife.

Col. Breckinridge could not recall that at that time he had sent certain telegrams to Mrs. Blackburn.

First Interview With Mrs. Blackburn.

Mr. Wilson then read the direct testimony of the colonel regarding the first interview with Mrs. Blackburn, upon which the colonel commented that he had told the whole truth about it. Then Mrs. Blackburn's testimony was read and Mr. Wilson asked him if it had occurred, to which the colonel replied that he had recollected it differently from the ways he had said it that she had construed his expressions of gratitude for which she had done in the past into requests for her protection in the future.

"Do you deny," asked Mr. Wilson, "that you said to Mrs. Blackburn 'I intend to marry this young woman when a sufficient time has elapsed after the death of my wife?'"

"My recollection is that nothing was said about my wife at that interview. Mrs. Blackburn seems to have confused that with a subsequent interview."

All of Mrs. Blackburn's statements being read to him categorically, the colonel said that Mrs. Blackburn's recollections differed on all those points from his own. He denied that he had said that he was 31 years older than the plaintiff, and was sure that he had not said that she supposed he was foolish to marry a woman so much younger than himself. He was sure that Mrs. Blackburn must have confused things said by the plaintiff about that matter with what he said and must have put into her own language her understanding of his statements. "I have no recollection of that," he said of Mrs. Blackburn's recital that on his second visit he had said that he noticed she was much shocked by the announcement of his engagement.

"I am sure I have no recollection of that," he said, when confronted with Mrs. Blackburn's statement that he was giving a poor return for all the devotion of his wife.

THE BIG "S. A." TIMES.

The Salvation Army's Demonstration Starts Out Ampleiously.

The First Methodist church was filled last night by an immense congregation representing the best and some of the otherwise of Topeka society. Some of those prominent in church and charitable work were there and also a large number attracted to the place from the streets by the tambourine symphonies and the vocal efforts of the blonde young man with a voice like a bag-pipe.

There were about forty soldiers of the cross on the pulpit and around the front seats. Their presence was chiefly useful in expressing approbation of what was said by Major Sully, who presided, and the others told their experiences. They also joined lustily in the chorus of the 2-4 time tunes and looked happy. The tune of "Sweet Bye and Bye" was sung to the accompaniment of clapping of hands. An effort was made to have the audience join in the clapping process by frequent repetition, but this was only partially successful.

A young man from Missouri told how, when he got religion, he went home yelling "Glory to God" as loud as he could. His friends thought he was drunk again and his mother thought he had gone crazy. Another man from Oklahoma said he had made a failure of everything he had ever tried except religion. He said the gospel was free or he would have to do without it. "It's the only thing I have got," he added.

Two young women from Winfield gave a duet with guitar accompaniment. Tonight occurred the big torchlight parade, in which the entire army will be in line and some will be in foreign costume. After the parade, a big mass meeting will occur at Hamilton hall.

THE DEATH RECORD.